

# Welcome

Thank you for participating in the Mayer Salovey Caruso Emotional Intelligence Test (MSCEIT). This report is designed to help you increase your awareness of your abilities in emotional intelligence, it is written to give you tools and techniques to improve your abilities. At the back you will see your action plan to continue your journey and build momentum in learning. We suggest you choose two or three techniques, test them and if they suit you, build a habit, if they don't test something else.

Emotional Intelligence Worldwide are here for your support so remember to contact us for ongoing assistance are programmes that may help with your ongoing growth and development.

Welcome to y ASCLIT report.

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# What is Emotional Intelligence?

# Defining Emotional Intelligence

"Emotional intelligence is the ability to perceive emotions, to access and generate emotions to assist thought, to understand emotions and emotional knowledge, and to reflectively regulate emotions to promote emotional and intellectual growth." (Mayer & Salovey, 1997).



### The MSCEIT™ measures four related abilities:

- Perceiving Emotions the ability to correctly identify emotions in yourself, others and the environment.
- *Using Emotions* the ability to use emotions to facilitate thought; to create emotions and to integrate your emotions into the way you think.
- *Understanding Emotions* the ability to understand the causes and complexity of emotions; how they blend and change over time.
- Managing Emotions the ability to manage emotions through effective strategies that integrate emotions to help achieve goals or make decisions about how to behave.

# A Closer Look at the Four Abilities

# **Perceiving Emotions**

perceiving emotions

What is Perceiving Emotions? Everyone experiences and relates to feelings and emotions, whether you notice them or not. Even the environment has its own emotional context which impacts our emotions. Emotions contain valuable information about you, your relationships and the world around you. The ability to perceive emotions starts with being aware of these emotions and emotional clues, then accurately identifying what they mean.

How is this ability used? You need to recognise your own feelings and emotions so that you have accurate information about the world around you. Being aware of others' emotions is a key to working with people.

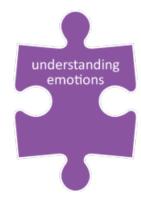
Using otio

influences how you think. If you feel sad, you may view What is b. ns? Ha of you the world and react one el happy hay interpret the same events differently. People in a sad or ne. e mo to foc on details and notice problems. Those in a g idea more positive mood tend to be by r at gr finding solutions to problems. nowing which moods are best for Using emotions is linking emotion with co civ roc which situations and accessing the nost ro

How is this ability used? If you stay aware of you semolous, the use them hift them depending on your situation or cognitive task, the outline of the control of the contro



# **Understanding Emotions**



What is Understanding Emotions? Understandir notions is about ontions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding what causes emotions. This is the authorise for recogn wou have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding who have certain emotions; looking at your emotional triggers, some of wurderstanding we be appeared to the property of the proper

How is this ability used? Insight into ourselves, and others, may require emotional knowledge and reflection. This knowledge helps you understand why you feel and react the way you do and helps you understand other people better. Do you know your values? Are you clear on your beliefs and how they impact your behaviour?

## **Managing Emotions**

What is Managing Emotions? Emotions contain information, so ignoring this information means that we can end up making a poor decision. We need to stay open to our feelings and emotions, learn from them, and integrate them when making decisions, reacting or taking action. Sometimes it may be best to disengage from an emotion and return to it later in order to manage it effectively. Managing emotions is about having a range of strategies to draw on in order to react and respond effectively.

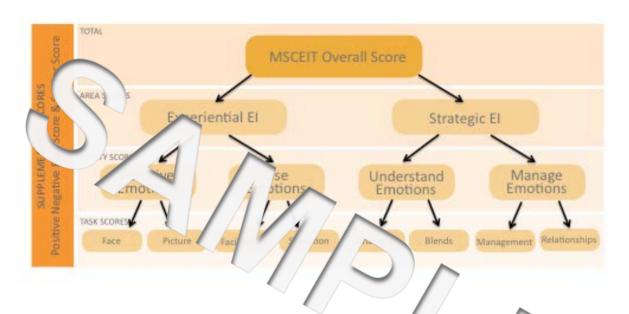
How is this ability used? By effectively managing your emotions you will be more successful, as a leader, team member and individual. Imagine being more resilient personally: imagine having fewer outbursts; imagine being able to communicate more effectively with people.



# About the MSCEIT™

### What the MSCEIT™ measures

The MSCEIT™ yields a number of scores relating to your emotional intelligence. The chart shows the scores covered.



# The MSCEIT™ is an ability measure of Emotional Intelligence

The MSCEIT™ assessment is an ability-based measure of emotional intelligence. The means of the measure on the MSCEIT™, yet through hard work and effort you can behave in an emotionally intelligence on the MSCEIT™ and not utilise the emotional abilities that you place the measure of emotional intelligence. The means of the measure of emotional intelligence on the MSCEIT™ and not utilise the emotional abilities that you place the measure of emotional intelligence. The means of the measure of emotional intelligence on the measure of emotional intelligence of emotional intelligence on the measure of emotional intelligence of emotional int

When reading your MSCEIT™ report please take into account other things you know about yoursell. In place it into context. On the other hand, it is wise to be open to the results and consider them carefully before dismissing anything. It is critical to remember that every psychological measure has error associated with its results. Always remember: No assessment is perfect! Assessment scores reflect your ability as well as many other factors. Research conducted using the MSCEIT indicates that emotional intelligence does play a role in certain areas of life.

You can acquire new skills and new knowledge. Therefore, if you want to improve one of your emotional intelligence abilities, you may be able to do so. Use this report in an emotionally-intelligent manner. Try to remain open to this information and feedback and use it as a helpful, productive, and positive growth experience.



# About the MSCFIT™

### The MSCEIT™ Questions

As an ability measure, some of the MSCEIT™ questions are probably quite different from questions on other assessments you may have taken. Some questions may not appear to be directly relevant to what you do. There are assessment items that may seem strange and unusual, especially those involving pictures and relating feelings to other senses.

These different moonents of the assessment were chosen because they provide a stable measure of emotional abilities. The seesment measures abilities in direct as well as in indirect ways. Several published research studies indicate that the MSCEIT<sup>IM</sup> assessment provides a reliable measure of emotional skills that are related to various species of performance in work, school, and home settings.

What i MSC M does asure?

Emotional intelligence as a cct of w kes up a human being. We are an amalgamation of our genetics, our intellect, our expenses, our a our sk are personality. Emotional intelligence is an important aspect of who we are, but there a many delivers are a new levelop to be the best we can be.

When reading your MSCEIT™ report pleetal action to the hing y know about yourself and place it into context. On the other hand, it is wise to pen he re and co er them carefully before dismissing anything.



## Iceberg anal

An iceberg with its mass beneath the surface of the with penalty and all the chings that drive behaviour beneath the surface.

The elements beneath the surface could include personality, purpose, values, beliefs, motivation, self confidence, emotional intelligence, IQ, skills and past experiences as well as external influences, such as other people and the environment.

Emotional intelligence is one of these elements – as a whole person you are more than just your emotional intelligence scores.



# Your MSCEIT™ Results

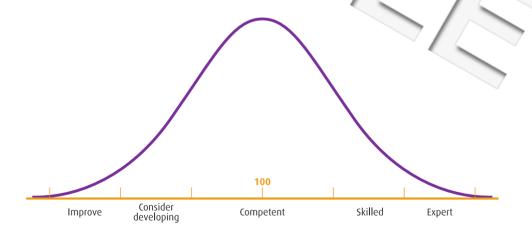
## How to Interpret Your MSCEIT™ Results

Your scores are the result of comparing your test answers to those of emotion experts. You may wonder how emotions can be scored. You may also wonder if there is one best or correct way to feel. The answer is that there is not a single best or correct way to feel. In general, there is no single, best answer to the questions. Instead, your responses are compared to a *range* of possible answers. In other words, you might get points towards a higher score whether you rated a face as a "5" or a "4" on how well it represents happiness.

Once each p of the CEIT™ has been scored, there is a way to indicate what your level of skill is in each area compared to pe . The MSCEIT™ was standardized on a very large sample of people (5,000), with the results being standardized to be recessentative of the adult population of the United States (in terms of age, gender, and ethnicit

A score range is an estimate of your actual ability. The ranges are defined to the score range is an estimate of your actual ability.

- Improve: You may have some culty with least of the hinful to enhance your skills and knowledge.
- Consider Developing: While this is no stream our consider skill area if it is an important part of your daily life.
- Competent: You have sufficient skill to perform in a area with the ee of a cess.
- Skilled: This is an area of strength for you.
- Expert: This may be a highly developed area of expertise; your score sugger that you have grantential in this area.





# Your Overall MSCEIT™ Score

The MSCEIT score is a summary of your results. Below is your overall score on the MSCEIT.



What is the Positive – Negative Bias Score? This is how we perceive pictorial stimuli, ie faces, pictures (anything we can see) and if we ascribe a positive or negative emotional bias. The impact of having a bias one way could mean you may miss the early signals of someone displaying emotions towards the opposite end of your bias. For example, if you have a positive bias you may see someone who is bored as content or vice versa for a negative bias. What could be the impact of that at work? How does your perception of someone's emotion impact the way you approach them? The more accurate you are the more appropriate your response will be.

Scores of 85 or below indicate a negative bias and scores of 115 or above indicate a positive bias.

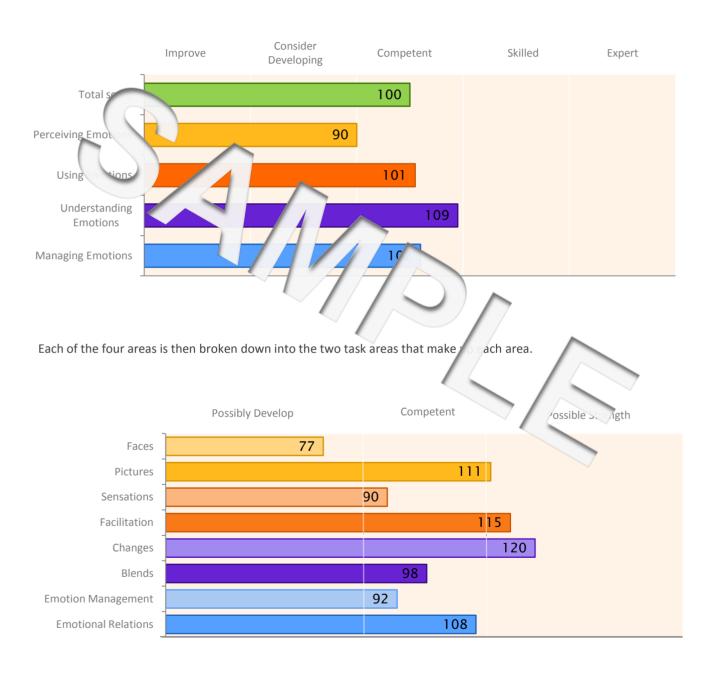
What is the Scatter Score? This indicates the level of consistency across the tasks throughout the test. For instance, a low scatter, of 85 or less, indicates performance is highly consistent across the eight sub-tasks. A high scatter score, of 115 or more, indicates performance varies a lot from task to task.

Remember that all test scores are approximations of your actual ability. A detailed look at your MSCEIT ability scores follows.



# **MSCEIT™** Summary

Your overall MSCEIT™ score is a summary of your results. It is broken down into the four ability areas – perceiving, using, understanding and managing.



# **Perceiving Emotions Score**



**You score** the *nsider Developing* range. Some possible interpretations of your score include:

- You may be unjury of how proble feel
- You may be used to prove ues, such as facial expressions.
- You may resuct ascribing early ative or the emotions to people.

Another way to help you fur her ung stand you wilts is to review the following questions:

- Are you always aware of your enabtion
- Do you pay attention to others moods?
- ☐ Are you surprised when people say how the \_\_eel?
- ☐ Do you over-analyse situations?
- ☐ Do you sometimes read too much into people?
- ☐ Do you sometimes give people the benefit of the doubt and resist ascribing ative feelings to bem?
- ☐ Ever wonder how people feel?

To enhance this area, your first step is to monitor your awareness of the emotions the environmous environmous whether you attend to emotions consistently, or whether you consider this source form on to traneous. You might need to simply become aware of the emotions around you, and remember that reat deal or emotion is communicated through facial expression and body movement.

Once you are paying attention, you'll need to process the information you are obtaining. You can look at how a person's expression changes. Note things such as whether the person is smiling a real smile, or whether they are forcing a smile. A forced smile can be noted by the lack of crow's feet around the eyes. In a social situation, you also have tone of voice, gestures, and eye contact to better understand how the person feels.

Finally, you might want to check out your impressions with the other person when accuracy of this information is important. You can ask questions such as 'did you really agree with that presentation?', 'you seem satisfied with that outcome, is that correct?', and so on.

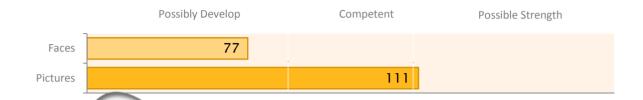
## Why is this important?

The ability to accurately recognise emotions is the most basic emotional intelligence skill. This basic aspect of emotional intelligence involves recognising and correctly identifying emotion in people and the world around you. Identifying emotions is important because the better the emotional read you have on a situation, the more appropriately you can respond.

Performance on this ability involves attention to, and awareness of, emotions. Simple awareness is not enough: you need the ability to discern between sadness and fear, anger and disgust. Beyond that, the degree to which fear, anger or happiness is present must be determined.

# **Perceiving Emotions Tasks**

Your Faces and Pictures Task Scores



Faces T: In the sk, you were asked to indicate how likely it is that each emotion listed is present in a photograph of a part of a part

Basis for Task: Social equires equires te perception of content, as well as tone and non-verbal signals, such as posture and facial express. This to a sures ability to decode emotion when only facial expression information is available.

**Pictures Task**: There is emotion in art—eth ability to correctly identify emotions in others are the ability to correctly identify emotions in others are the ability to ide ariou are sign is not asking about your own, unique reaction to them.

Basis for Task: Some people wonder how landscapes or pictures convey emotion of fet most people ware that different textures, colours, and designs move us in different ways. Landscape otographs like and tures, patterns, and colours.

Do objects have emotions? No, but they can communicate emotions. This is in part what t' cience of cience

## What Your Faces Score Suggests

You scored in the *Possibly Develop* range on this task. You might not attend to emotions. Perhaps you filter certain emotions out of your awareness. Another possibility is that you might have thought about whether it was *possible* for the person in the photo to feel a certain way; we were really asking you how *likely* it is that the person was feeling a certain way. Did you construct scenarios where it was possible for each emotion to occur? Do you rely on some context, such as tone of voice, background information, or posture when reading emotions? This task gives you very limited visual information. The face is the only area of our body that will show a true emotion due to micro expressions and our involuntary facial muscles.

# What Your Pictures Score Suggests

You scored in the *Possible Strength* range on this task. This indicates that you are generally accurate in picking up on the emotions expressed in designs or the environment. This strength can be useful in picking up signals from how the working environment may affect a situation.



What is Perceiving Emotions?



Everyone experiences and relates to feelings and emotions. Even the world around you communicates and sends emotional messages. Emotions contain valuable information about relationships and about the world around you. This ability to perceive emotions starts with being aware of these emotional clues, and then accurately identifying what they mean.

How is this ability reed? You need to be aware of your own feelings and emotions so that you have accurate information or our control around you. Being aware of others' emotions is a key to working with people.

Strategies to prove your perceiving emotions ability?

There are numbered ways to prove your skills around emotion perception, both in yourself and in others. Some ideas are declared glow, or more permation pract EIW.

#### Mood meter

A way of monitoring how you are ling rd o i di atter d contributing factors that impact your emotions. At regular intervals record y leve of otions as a single property of the property of th

After a period of time you may be able to notice patterns to when the will observe you immediate tools to change your mood, based on your own actions. The mood the ralso encourage of greater vocabulary around emotion.

EIW have developed a mood meter which can be made available to you or, any want to transparent app ava. Je.

#### 2 Language – learn more emotional words

Research has shown that increasing vocabulary around sensory perception increases ability. Studie found that teaching subjects words about taste and smell increased their ability to discriminate between different stimuli. Similar issues arise around perception of emotions.

When asked how they are feeling many people have only one word – "OK." OK is not really an emotion. Expanding your vocabulary may allow you to increase your perception of emotions within yourself. Emotions contain data, so this is about your ability to label emotions accurately and appropriately, in order to understand yourself and others better.

The face is not a secondary billboard for our internal feelings. It is an equal partner in the emotional process.

Malcolm Gladwell, Blink
 2005



## 8 People watching – Ekman studies

Paul Ekman is a renowned expert in nonverbal communication. His studies into human emotions reveal how specific facial muscles indicate the real emotions people feel. Across cultures emotions reveal themselves in similar ways. You can learn how to identify emotions better in yourself and others.

Our ability to express and read emotions has survival value – both physically and interpersonally. Pay attention to the facial expressions of those around you and become more sensitive their emotions. Conscious attention will often result in increased perception.

If you want to learn more Ekman's system for coding facial expressions examines discrete facial movements related to individual money.

## 4 Communi n skii. 5

t to it, as well as the general content. Dr Mehrabian's study of effective Every m ge has emotion .460 7% of the emotional context of a message is transmitted through spoken con. on in vealed th the words they use. The essage is ocal cues (such as intonation, tone, volume) and 55% is facial expression and body in guage. udy its not have been the best, but results have continued to be replicated. Enhance your ability to ad pe .appi what they are communicating through other means than just their words.

### Self-awareness

This is a crucial element of emotional intelligence. See paying the paying of cological reactions when you experience emotions — notice your breathing, heart rate, to pay, skin temperate By noticing the physiological responses we can become more accurate in perceiving the emotions we are expenses of how you react to situation will improve your ability to perceive pations accurate?

Imagine you have a panel of emotional triggers strapped to your chest. What use take to fithose triggers? How do you typically react in stressful situations? How do you feel on a object with your chest. What is fitted to fit these triggers? What feeling are you comfortable with / uncomfortable with?

If you would like any information on any of these strategies, please contact the team at Emotional in ligence Worldwide.

Positive thoughts (joy, happiness, fulfillment, achievement, worthiness) have positive results (enthusiasm, calm, wellbeing, ease, energy, love).

Negative thoughts
(judgment, unworthiness,
mistrust, resentment, fear)
produce negative results
(tension, anxiety, alienation,
anger, fatigue)



# **Using Emotions**

	Improve	Consider Developing	Competent	Skilled	Expert
Using Emotions			101		

**You score** The **mpetent range.** Some possible interpretations of your score include:

- You refee tother people feel.
- You not be en an anally flexit on omewhat open-minded, and be able to shift certain emotions.
- You relatively with certain legings or certain people. Some feelings you may defend against or block out.

One way to help you derstay down results is to review the following questions:

- ☐ Do you easily change your feeling;?
- Are you able to feel what anothed person is easily a garden by to etime the same mood as them)?
- ☐ Can you motivate yourself?
- Do you bring yourself down?
- ☐ Do you excite a group of people?
- ☐ Do you get into other people's head and heart?
- Do you grab people's attention?
- ☐ Does your thinking reflect your feelings?

You may be able to encourage open-minded decision making, planning, and to eneration decision multiple points of view. You can generate enthusiasm for a project, and energise, direct, and tival group well as yourself. There may be other emotions that are a little more difficult to access to shift from enhance these skills, consider the people and/or the feelings that you don't relate to or process easily, notice they enhance they notify before you choose to access others.

## Why is this important?

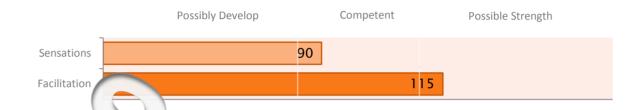
Your Using Emotions score measures your ability to employ your feelings to enhance your thinking and, as such, can be harnessed for more effective problem-solving, reasoning, decision-making, and creative endeavours. Of course, cognition can be disrupted by emotions such as anxiety and fear, and emotions can prioritise the cognitive system to attend to what is important and even focus on what it does best in a given mood.

Emotions change the way we think, creating positive thoughts when we are happy and negative thoughts when we are sad. These changes in viewpoint force us to view things from different perspectives. Such shifting viewpoints may foster creative thinking.



# **Using Emotions Tasks**

Your Sensations and Facilitation Task Scores



**Sensation.** were to entify or describe the direction and degree of your feelings, using the continuum provided. Although this y seem to the best ways to describe your internal feelings is to compare them to other answers.

ced to the ability to feel what others feel. That's Basis for Task: Published research aggest by because primary emotions are acco. ipa ologi ges and reactions. Anger, for example, has ed y a very different set of physiological changes as vit th If you are able to generate an appi. emotion, you should also be able to generate e of se sa hysiolo reactions.

**Facilitation Task**: How people feel influences how they thin d make decisions s set of questions measures your ability to determine how different moods impact thinking and decision-mages.

Basis for Task: There is a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent. In a large body of research on how emotions influence eption and judent entire eption and judent entire eption and judent entire eption entire eption and judent entire eption entire eption entire eption entire eption entire eption entire eption entire epidemion entire eption entire epidemion entire epidemio

### What Your Sensations Score Suggests

You scored in the *Competent* range on this task. You can feel what others feel, although you may be better at relating to others when they are in a certain sort of mood as opposed to other moods. Consider whether you are more, or less, comfortable with certain situations or emotions. Let's consider which emotions you recognise you can shift from easier than others.

#### What Your Facilitation Score Suggests

You scored in the *Possible Strength* range on this task. You recognise that moods and thought are linked and are able to use this ability to help you focus on what is important and change your emotion according to the task at hand. Consider if you are able to assist others to do the same.



# **Using Emotions**

What is Using Emotions?

How we feel influences how we think. If you feel sad, you may view the world one way, while if you feel happy, you interpret the same events differently. People in a sad or negative mood tend to focus on details and search for problems or errors.



Those in a more positive mood are better at generating new ideas and novel solver problems. Knowing which moods are best for which situated and are ting in the right mood" is an ability.

How is t is ability of ed? If you stay aware of your emotions, which contain valuable information, and then use them to solve appliems, to outcome more positive.

Strategies of prove or us emotion bility?

## 1 Individual mood generation

If you know yourself well you should know what up to up high the mood and what puts you in a low energy mood. If you don't then try using the mood and mount and in the earth of interest and in the earth of it is more effective for completion of tasks.

For more information download our Tools and Techniques booklet from the EIV ogin on our webgite.

Some of the techniques below may help you...

#### Guided imagery / visualisation

Use visualisation techniques to imagine a better situation or a more appropriate emotional assesses before reacting. Visualisation could be of a 'happy place', or just of a positive outcome to the current sit.

Guide yourself to a positive conclusion before bringing yourself back to reality and recreating those feelings in the present.

### **8** Remembering happy events

This is a technique that helps you return to an appropriate emotional state. Different people use different tools – it could be a sensation, a memory, a physical state. A useful one for adapting your mood is to remember past events when you felt the emotion you wish to generate. Just as with method acting the idea is to recreate the emotion appropriate to the current situation using experiences from the past.

## 4 Body link to emotion

Be aware of the link between bodily sensations and emotions. They are not mutually exclusive. Antonio Damasio has some interesting research into how the messages we receive constantly from the body can impact mood. This makes sense if you think about how you feel when you dance, run, cycle, sing, etc. Any activity that uses your body will affect the way you feel due to the release of bodily chemicals. If you need to put yourself in a positive mood do what works for you – run around the block, go and dance in the lift, smile at yourself in the bathroom mirror.

# Self-talk

The way we talk to ourselves can impact our emotions. Self-talk describes the voice inside your head that continuously provides advice and recriminations. If your self-talk is consistently negative it can only have a negative impact on how you see yourself and therefore how you feel.

Try replacing that self-talk with something more appropriate. For instance, replace – "they never listen to my ideas in meetings, I don't know why I bother, what is the point" with – "I will ensure I get my ideas across today, I have some great new ideas of how to improve the bottom line".

Monitor your sease lk. listen to what you say to yourself. Chances are you would never let anyone else talk to you like that. Wheet you let yo

# (i) Posit attituu

Think about the pact of the mount on the sound you, especially in the workplace or at home. Once you start to be aware of the pact of the pact of the sound you have a bigger motivation to use your emotions more effectively.

They say that attitudes are contagious, so wink or our emotions to be a positive influence on those around you.

#### 7 Situation / context – mood generation

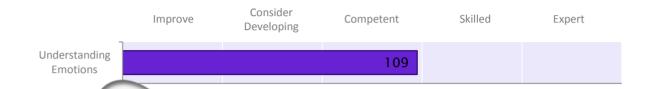
Use the situation or the surrounding context to change the mood. If you have seam meeting w' lutions and creativity are required yet the team is feeling negative due to just receiving ' results this quantum, this but how you can change the situation. You can't generate good results, but perhaps an shift the soft the meeting to change the mood – take the team outside, move rooms, wait until the following and have perhaps they are in a negative mood they will be less likely to be creative.

Again you can use the technique of past events or visualisation to assist here.

If you would like any information on any of these strategies, please contact the team at Emotional Intelligence Worldwide.



# **Understanding Emotions**



You so d in Competer ge. Some possible interpretations of your score include:

- You have a somably on emissional vocal fary.
- You have some knowledge for allex emo
- You can be emotionally aware insight

One way to help you further de any over s is to view the following questions:

- Do you correctly answer emotional what-if question
- ☐ Are your analyses of people usually on-target?
- ☐ Do you employ your emotional knowledge to help you figure peop.
- ☐ Do you describe emotions in a rich manner?
- ☐ Are you a good judge of others?

Your score on Understanding Emotions suggests that you have a good unde. Sing of emotion transition. You can describe emotions and the differences between them. There are probably sometimes truggle to understand, or to describe. You might want to attend more carefully to subtle differences ween sink of emotion words.

# Why is this important?

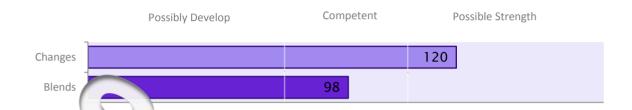
Understanding emotions means being able to think accurately about emotions. It involves being able to connect situations with certain emotions. It involves knowing that it is possible to feel several, possibly conflicting feelings in certain situations.

Understanding what leads to various emotions is a critical component of emotional intelligence. For instance, annoyance and irritation can lead to rage if the cause of the irritation continues and intensifies. Knowledge of how emotions combine and change over time is important in our dealings with other people and in enhancing our self-understanding.



# **Understanding Emotions Tasks**

Your Changes and Blends Task Scores



**Changes** ction our ability to understand how emotions change over time. These items are multiple-choice question

Basis for Task: Emotions have the win mo julike pina a chess board. Emotions arise from certain causes, and they develop and change in a way is to compare your! Sowledge of emotions and how they change and develop.

**Blends Task**: Emotions are complex, and people an expliency an embination of different emotions. This multiple-choice section taps your knowledge of the complex contains a contains a

Basis for Task: There are simple emotions and complex ones. Emotion theory not not specify continuous of emotions with the accuracy of chemistry, but we know a lot about how simple notions combined more complex and sometimes subtle emotions.

#### What Your Changes Score Suggests

You scored in the *Possible Strength* range on this task. You have a good understanding of emotions and their causes. You have insight into people and can figure out how feelings progress and change. Your emotional what-if analyses are usually correct. You notice patterns of emotions related to certain causes in yourself and others.

### What Your Blends Score Suggests

You scored in the *Competent* range on this task. You seem to be able to grasp and describe emotional information. You have some emotional insight. Your emotional vocabulary is fairly well developed.



# **Understanding Emotions**



What is Understanding Emotions? Emotions contain information, and our ability to understand this information and think about it plays an important role in our day-to-day life. This ability answers questions such as: Why are we feeling happy? How will my friend feel if I say that to him? What will happen if I say that to her?

How is this ability used? Insight into ourselves, and others, may require emotional knowledge. This knowledge helps us to understand people better.

Strategies over un rstandir emotions ability?

## 1 Universal vs individual vaid

The primary emotions are univers At s emotions of anger, happiness, surprise, fear and sadness. Generally speaking these loss leading to sadness, or threat caus rfer leading to fear. However, every individual rea e may be a situation of a company y to tions. going through a merger and individuals within the co differ y ba on what is important to them ny m - person A may feel sadness as they think about the pessible people they work with; person B may feel anger at not being part of the decision making placess and being over red; person C may feel happy that the situation could give them further opportunities to progress and grow eir chosen carg maybe the opportunity to start their own business that they have been dreaming of.

The purpose of understanding this is that we are all different. The key to you up. Panding more effectively may be to understand your own individual values, beneath the surface of your jets, and prefore how you react to universal causes. Awareness of your own values will help you understand you react in different situations. Many conflict situations arise over a clash of values. Understanding what you alues are can only lead to greater emotional awareness.

### 2 If...then training

This is simply understanding the likely outcome of events. It requires you to think ahead of the impact of a situation on your own and other people's emotions. If you do X, then Y will happen. Thinking through these aspects on an emotional level before you communicate can help you avoid emotional resistance.

## **(3)** Increasing emotional vocabulary

Relating to the technique mentioned in perceiving emotions, having a richer emotional vocabulary can allow you to better understand the express the complexity of emotions. Robert Plutchik created a model based on the primary emotions, linking the complex sweep of secondary emotions.



# 4 Emotional scrabble?

Emotional scrabble can help you work out how emotions progress. For instance, if given the words in the left hand column could you work out the logical progression provided in the right hand column. This is one example, for more consider our Intensity cards, available through the EIW website.

	Нарру	Calm
	Pleased	Content
	Joyous	Pleased
	Amused	Amused
	Calm	Positive
	Positive	Нарру
1	Content	Joyous

# 5 Una purpos με joals, etc

To understand our en s impor understand what makes us tick. Like an iceberg behaviour is only the tip, what is below the su-(the ost important. Take some time to reflect on your %) is \* own purpose in life, your values, y goa/ OU otiv our emotional triggers, your personality. All of these ct the way you do. will help you to understand why you beh /th/ why

More tools to help are available from the EIW site you r want to he along to the Leading with Emotional Intelligence programme to discover more out you

# **(**) Recognising emotional triggers

Your emotional triggers are the buttons we talked about earlier. What happens oush your ps? What makes you happy? What makes you angry? How do you react in different situations? At the company of the c

Recognising your emotional triggers is the first step to being able to deal with your subsequent burner effectively.

### Reading

Just learning more about emotional intelligence and emotions in general will increase your awareness and understanding around the complexity of emotions.

If you would like any information on any of these strategies, please contact the team at Emotional Intelligence Worldwide.

There can be no transforming of darkness into light and of apathy into movement without emotion.

- Carl Jung



# **Managing Emotions**

	Improve	Consider Developing	Competent	Skilled	Expert
Managing Emotions			102		

**You scored** he npetent range. Some possible interpretations of your score include:

- You poter a for optimal persion making.
- Your decision making of an includes both this king and feeling.
- You may have a long the focus then problems alving, considering other people and the impact of your decisions and actions.

One way to help you further oder and by sist eview the following questions:

- ☐ Do you go with your gut?
- ☐ Do you use your feelings as a guide?
- ☐ Are you good at influencing others?
- ☐ Do your decisions end well?
- ☐ Do you provide sound, psychologically-minded advice to others?

Your score in this area means that you can resolve conflict, and that you can be cared by them. You have the basis for an important skill that you can apply when won. With anc's others, and when managing your own emotions, to enhance the quality of your life.

It's possible you are less comfortable with certain emotions than others. If you are feeling a street motion, perhaps you try to disengage from that feeling. One way to enhance this area is for you to become aware or the degree to which you are engaging various emotions, and whether there is indeed a difference in your openness to various emotions.

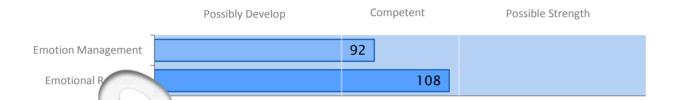
### Why is this important?

Managing emotions means you use your feelings in a judicious way, rather than acting on them without thinking. Anger, for instance, like many emotions, is misunderstood. Anger is not necessarily a bad thing to feel; in fact, it is anger that helps us to overcome adversity, bias, and injustice. Anger arises when we feel frustrated, cheated, or taken advantage of. Yet anger, if left to itself, can blind us and cause us to act in negative or antisocial ways.

Managing Emotions measures your ability to feel an emotion and combine thinking with the emotion in order to make the best possible decisions and take the most effective actions.

# **Managing Emotions Tasks**

Your Emotion Management and Relationship Task Scores



**Emotion** track different ways to cope with situations. Some strategies are more effective than others, and as task sures our ability elect effective emotional strategies.

Basis for Task: There is a good decoresear of motion magement and regulation. Some actions, while common or popular, simply don't with the

**Emotional Relationship Task**: Emotional elations by your with to a certain emotional outcome in social situations.

Basis for Task: Some ways of dealing with other people are the ror was an analysis. We have a good knowledge base of what is effective in determining certain outcomes, and what doesn't work and well.

What Your Emotional Management Score Suggests

You scored in the *Competent* range on this task. You are generally open to emotions and the to choose some effective strategies through the information available to you. There may be certain emotions the uncomfortable with and handle less effectively.

What Your Emotional Relationships Score Suggests

You scored in the *Competent* range on this task. You generally stay open to feelings and encourage others to do the same. You use these feelings as information to help you make reasonably effective decisions. You sometimes notice the emotional vibe when you walk into a room or meeting and take steps to lift people where required.

# **Managing Emotions**

What is Managing Emotions?

If emotions contain information, then ignoring this information means that we can end up making a poor decision. At times, we need to stay open to our feelings, learn from these feelings, and use this information to make decisions and to take appropriate action. Sometimes, though, it may be best to disengage from an emotion and return to it later in order to manage it effectively.



How is this at the right alance in managing your emotions, you will be more successful.

Strate to wove your moging emotions ability?

# 1 Learn. to dis ge / engage of otions

Emotions provide value data at is g around is. However, there are times when particular emotional reactions are not useful to the cur t situ arn how to park emotions until an appropriate time. For instance, going into a meeting ilst SSE ustra may not be conducive to the meeting. Are an 100 you able to park that emotion outside t Managing emotions is not about on t suppressing the emotion. It is about being ab val why occuri what is happening and working out the best way to handle it appropriately.

## Physical management – breathing, relaxation

Research consistently shows the power of physical management to help us ir otion manager ... king on strategies including breathing, visualisation, imagery and relaxation technic can allow you anage notive emotions effectively, before any adverse behaviour. There are simple technique at can ir ore relaxed state and a calmer state of mind. Learn to help others do this too – managing emotions of tyou low you are able to manage the emotions of those around you.

### **8** Body awareness

Gain greater awareness over where you hold your emotions in your body. Certain emotions seem to stem from different part of the body. Many people feel anger in their stomach, some in their chest. Do you get tense before a speech and hold that tension in your chest? Does happiness live in your head? Do you feel energised through your arms? Start to become more aware of your body and where you feel different emotions – that awareness can make it easier to manage those emotions when they occur.

#### 4 Emotional journal

Keeping an emotional journal may also allow you to increase your emotional self-awareness. The journal may allow you to gain a picture over a period of time of how you react to different situations or any pervasive emotions and moods that tend to dominate your life. This is similar to the mood meter, but less prescriptive.



# 6 Link to beliefs, values, goals

Managing your emotions can be improved if you truly understand yourself and what triggers different challenges in your life. Do you know your core values? How do you react when these are compromised? Many conflicts occur due to a clash of values. Gaining clarity over your core values will allow you to handle conflicting situations easier and recognise issues before they occur.

The same goes for your beliefs – about yourself, others, the world in general – and your individual goals. Clarifying your goals will again allow you to understand the impact on your emotions when people get in the way of your goals.

Your beliefs out you life may be getting in the way of your achievements. Do you have clarity on your own self-limiting a nable beliefs? How do you feel in different situations and does this impact your ability to act? We about people around you — in your team, your family? Do you understand their values, beliefs and goal and their release what call are remotions in them? How can you use this knowledge to manage the relations.

## 6 Manage situatie

If you have trouble managing you notic in our certain situations, can you manage the situation to mitigate against any issues. Son, time is the manage the situation before it becomes an emotional one. This may mean changing the situation, lo time, of are the performed the best out of yourself and those involved.

#### Smorgasbord of strategies

Please ensure you have a smorgasbord of strategies to manage a range of emusis in a range of sons. It is important we have several to draw on, as the same strategy may not work sadness as for er, as ing for a run in the middle of a stressful board meeting may not be appropriate. Sider four ty strategies brain, body, relationship and environment based. For more information on 160 constants are strategies base our Tools and Techniques booklet from the EIW website.

If you would like any information on any of these strategies, please contact the team at Emotion Wigence Worldwide.

When dealing with people, let us remember we are not dealing with creatures of logic. We are dealing with creatures of emotion, creatures bustling with prejudices and motivated by pride and vanity.



# **Perceiving Emotions**

Perceiving emotions is about being able to recognise emotions in yourself, in others and the environment.

Think about how you are feeling now. Look at the person nearest you and notice how they may be feeling. How the does this environment make you feel?



What will you	do to increase emotional perception in yourself?
What will you  What will you effectively in t	do to increase awareness of emotions in the gronment and how you use the environment
	Write down 3 specific actions you are committed to doing
1	
2	



3

# **Using Emotions**

Using emotions is where the cognitive process begins. We are integrating our emotions into the way we think and how we can shift or change emotions according to what we need to do cognitively.



It is also about our ability to tap into the sensations of emotions and empathise with others.

what strategr	ou use to lift your mood or emotions / or to calm and focus yourself when required?
What can you do	o to lift and inspire others / rous and convour team when required?
How can you use feeling?	your understanding of physiology to empathise more effectively and understanged to there are
	Write down 3 specific actions you are committed to doing
1	
2	
3	

# **Understanding Emotions**

Understanding emotions relates to understanding the complexity of emotions and what triggers our emotions.

Think about the depth of a person, what is under the surface. A better understanding of this leads us to better prediction of emotions – ours and others.



How accurate	predict emotions – in yourself and in others?
Make some no	otes about how your values in the activity our emotion.
What will you	do to increase your understanding of the emotional triggers of team?
	Write down 3 specific actions you are committed to doing
1	
2	
3	

# **Managing Emotions**

Managing emotions is the way we react and respond. How we make decisions on how to interact with others. This is especially important in times of stronger emotions – it is about choosing the most effective strategies to manage emotions in ourselves and in our relationships.



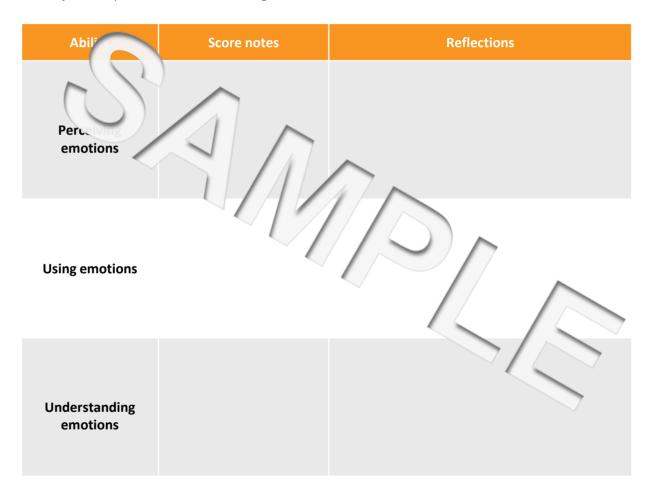
Remember the link to the body and brain. Think about how each reacts to emotions.

What new st	egies old you put in place to manage your emotions proactively?
What can you	implement to expand our reportions of acceptes?
How can you	help others manage their emotions proactively and reactively?
	Write down 3 specific actions you are committed to doing
1	
2	
3	

# How To Use Your MSCEIT™ Results

Emotional intelligence can be defined and measured as intelligence, or as a set of abilities. The MSCEIT™ assessment provides you with an estimate of these emotional skills. Assessments like the MSCEIT™ are designed to help people learn more about themselves and to better understand their strengths.

Remember that emotional intelligence is just one part of who you are, and that there are many other parts of you that can be just as important as emotional intelligence.



Managing emotions



# **About FIW**

Emotional Intelligence Worldwide is a leading provider of positive, scientific assessment tools and certification. We work with organisations around the world to discover and develop talent using emotional intelligence, strengths and brain-based assessment and development tools. For more information please go to <a href="https://www.emotionalintelligenceworldwide.com">www.emotionalintelligenceworldwide.com</a>

EIW also offer accreditation programmes in emotional intelligence, strengths and neuroscience, as well as consultant and coach trainer programmes.

- MSCEIT ce (EI)
- R2 Streng Pron Practitioner training (strengths)
- R2 Streng rofil eam training (strengths)
- i4 N pleau 50 assessment and accreditation (neuroscience)

The Langley Group also includes the Lan Gr y' who' ou the worlds first Diploma in Positive Psychology and Wellbeing, and Growing yeat s, y g why chool libeing to life. Also, check out Sue Langley, a world class professional speaker.



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